



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Scotchkote 206N Fusion Bonded Epoxy Coating (Standard, Long Gel, Extra Long Gel, and Fluid Bed Versions)

Product Identification Numbers

80-6107-8246-0 80-6108-4006-0 80-6300-0067-9

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the substance or mixture

Address: 3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.
Telephone: +44 (0)1344 858 000
E Mail: tox.uk@mmm.com
Website: www.3M.com/uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

This material is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, as amended, on classification, labelling, and packaging of substances and mixtures.

Dangerous substances(67/548/EEC)/preparations(1999/45/EC) directive

This product is not classified as hazardous according to EU Directive 1999/45/EC.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

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Not applicable

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.
EUH208 Contains 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane. May produce an allergic reaction.

Notes on labelling

Epoxy resin(s) are not classified as the average molecular weight is >1200.

Dangerous substances(67/548/EEC)/preparations(1999/45/EC) directive

Not applicable

Special provisions concerning the labelling of certain substances

Contains 4,4 Isopropylidenediphenol epichlorohydrin polymer May produce an allergic reaction.
Safety data sheet available for professional user on request.

Notes on labelling

Epoxy resin(s) are not classified as the average molecular weight is >1200.

2.3. Other hazards

Dust clouds of this material in sufficient concentration in combination with an ignition source may be explosive. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces because of the potential for secondary explosions. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EU Inventory	% by Wt	Classification
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	NLP 500-033-5	60 - 70	Xi:R36-38; N:R51/53; R43 (EU) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 (CLP)
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	13983-17-0	EINECS 237-772-5	20 - 40	
Proprietary polymer/solids	Trade Secret		1 - 5	
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	EINECS 207-312-8	1 - 5	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	EINECS 236-675-5	1 - 5	
Quartz	14808-60-7	EINECS 238-878-4	0.1 - 0.4	Xn:R48/20 (Vendor) STOT RE 1, H372 (Self Classified)

Please see section 16 for the full text of any R phrases and H statements referred to in this section

Please refer to section 15 for the any applicable Notas that have been applied to the above components

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixture. Avoid fire fighting methods that would cause powders to become airborne.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Aldehydes.
Carbon monoxide.
Carbon dioxide.
Hydrogen Chloride
Ammonia
Oxides of nitrogen.
Oxides of phosphorus.

Condition

During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.
During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning: A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Use wet sweeping compound or water to avoid dusting. Sweep up. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin contact with hot material. For industrial or professional use only. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. Dust clouds of this material in sufficient concentration in combination with an ignition source may be explosive. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces because of the potential for secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that combustible dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Solids can generate static electricity charges when transferred and in mixing

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store away from heat. Store in a dry place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	UK HSC	TWA(Inhalable):10 mg/m ³ ;TWA(respirable):4 mg/m ³	
Quartz	14808-60-7	UK HSC	TWA(respirable):0.1 mg/m ³	

UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation at transfer points. Provide ventilated enclosure for heat curing. Curing enclosures must be exhausted to outdoors or to a suitable emission control device. Provide appropriate local exhaust when product is heated. Provide ventilation adequate to maintain dust concentration below minimum explosive concentrations. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation for cutting, grinding, sanding or machining. Use general dilution ventilation

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and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Provide local exhaust at process emission sources to control exposure near the source and to prevent the escape of dust into the work area. It is recommended that all dust control equipment (such as local exhaust ventilation), process equipment, and material transport systems involved in handling of this product be evaluated for the need for explosion-protection safeguards. Recognized safeguards include explosion relief vents, explosion suppression systems, and oxygen deficient process environments. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Evaluate the need for electrically classified equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect vented goggles.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Thermal hazards

Wear heat insulating gloves when handling hot material to prevent thermal burns.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid.
Specific Physical Form:	Powder
Appearance/Odour	Green Powder
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Boiling point/boiling range	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Melting point	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified
Explosive properties	Not classified
Oxidising properties	Not classified
Flash point	No flash point
Vapour pressure	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Relative density	1.44 [<i>Ref Std: WATER=1</i>]

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Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Density	1.44 g/ml

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	0 %
Percent volatile	0 %
VOC less H ₂ O & exempt solvents	0 %
*Dust deflagration index (Kst)	70 - 250 bar.m/s [Details:Typical Range]
*Min. explosible conc.(MEC)	35 - 55 g/ml [Details:Typical Range]
*Min. ignition energy (MIE)	3 - 100 mJ [Details:Typical Range]
*Min. ign temp(MIT)-dust cloud	450 - 550 °C [Details:Typical Range]

* The values noted with an asterisk (*) in the above table are representative values based on testing of raw materials and selected products. Additionally, a material's characteristics may change depending upon the process and conditions of use at a facility, including further changes in particle size, or mixture with other materials. In order to obtain specific data for the material, we recommend the user conduct characterisation testing based on the use factors at the specific facility.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Combustibles.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

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11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Vapours released during curing may cause irritation of the respiratory system: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Dust from cutting, grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, nose and throat pain.

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Vapours released during curing may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Cyanoguanidine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Quartz	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Quartz	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Cyanoguanidine	Human	Minimal irritation

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	and animal	
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Quartz		No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cyanoguanidine	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Human and animal	Sensitising
Cyanoguanidine	Guinea pig	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Titanium dioxide	Human and animal	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyanoguanidine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Quartz	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Quartz	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.
Quartz	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	44 days
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Wollastonite (CaSiO ₃)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Wollastonite (CaSiO ₃)	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyanoguanidine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6,822 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.010 mg/l	2 years
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Quartz	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

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Name	Value
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Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
4,4'-Isopropylidene diphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.3 mg/l
4,4'-Isopropylidene diphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.41 mg/l
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	13983-17-0		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Quartz	14808-60-7		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>240 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	30 days	NOEC	3 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fish	Experimental	30 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	556 mg/l
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	25 mg/l
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l

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Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
4,4'-Isopropylidene diphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Laboratory Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	<2 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
4,4'-Isopropylidene diphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Laboratory Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	13983-17-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
4,4'-Isopropylidene diphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Laboratory BCF - Other	28 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<42	Other methods
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	13983-17-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Quartz	14808-60-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	Other methods
Cyanoguanidine	461-58-5	Experimental BCF-Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	3.1	OECD 305C-Bioaccum degree fish

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

80-6107-8246-0, 80-6108-4006-0, 80-6300-0067-9

Not hazardous for transportation

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Carcinogenicity****Ingredient**

Quartz

CAS Nbr

14808-60-7

Classification

Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to

Regulation

International Agency

Scotchkote 206N Fusion Bonded Epoxy Coating (Standard, Long Gel, Extra Long Gel, and Fluid Bed Versions)

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	humans Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	for Research on Cancer International Agency for Research on Cancer
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO ₃))	13983-17-0	Gr. 3: Not classifiable	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of relevant R-phrases

R36	Irritating to eyes.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Revision information:

Revision Changes:

Section 8: Skin protection - recommended gloves information information was modified.

Section 8: Respiratory protection - recommended respirators information information was modified.

Section 1: Product identification numbers information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12: Bioaccumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 2: Other hazards phrase information was modified.

Label: CLP Supplemental Hazard Statements information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

OEL Reg Agency Desc information was modified.

Telephone header information was modified.

Company Telephone information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Eye information information was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Inhalation information information was modified.

Section 5: Fire - Special hazards information information was modified.

Section 5: Fire - Advice for fire fighters information information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release clean-up information information was modified.

Section 7: Precautions safe handling information information was modified.

Section 8: Appropriate Engineering controls information information was modified.
Section 10: Hazardous decomposition or by-products table information was modified.
Section 13: Standard Phrase Category Waste GHS information was modified.
Section 10: Hazardous decomposition products table Condition column header information was added.
Section 10: Hazardous decomposition products table Substance column header information was added.
Section 2: Special provisions concerning the labelling of certain substances heading information was added.
Section 2: EU sensitizer phrase information was added.
Section 2: Additional label requirements phrase information was added.
Label: CLP Classification - Header information was added.
Label: CLP Classification information was added.
Contains statement for sensitizers information was added.
Contains statement for sensitizers information was added.
Contains statement for sensitizers information was added.
Section 2: Notes on labelling heading information was added.
Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was added.
CLP Remark(phrase) information was added.
Section 2: 2.2 & 2.3. CLP REGULATION heading information was added.
Section 5: Hazardous combustion products heading information was added.
Section 5: Hazardous combustion products table information was added.
Section 9: All Properties information was added.
Not applicable information was added.
Section 10: Hazardous decomposition products during combustion text information was added.
Section 9: Additional Statement information was added.
Section 12: Classification Warning information was added.
Section 11: Classification disclaimer information was added.
List of sensitizers information was added.
Section 9: Flammable limits (LEL) information information was deleted.
Section 9: Flammable limits (UEL) information information was deleted.
Section 11: Classification disclaimer information was deleted.
Section 12: Classification Warning information was deleted.
Section 9: Autoignition temperature information information was deleted.

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